



Know the difference

Sudden cardiac arrest

Early cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and using an automated external defibrillator (AED) can make a dramatic difference to survival. Sudden cardiac arrest (SCA) is caused by an abnormal heart rhythm resulting from a problem in the heart's electrical system. The most common heart rhythm disorder that leads to SCA is ventricular fibrillation (VF). During VF, the heartbeat becomes fast, shallow and uncoordinated, preventing the effective pumping of blood around the body. Every minute after an SCA, the chance of survival falls 7-10%. Early action to prevent death from SCA is vital.

Ensuring the Chain of Survival



Call
999



Early
CPR



Early
defibrillation



Early
advanced
care

Survival of SCA depends on a series of critical links that together form the Chain of Survival:

1. **Call 999.**
2. Begin **early CPR** to buy time.
3. **Early defibrillation:** Locate and use an AED as quickly as possible to restart the heart.
4. Provide **early advanced professional care.** Rapid bystander action is vital for the first three links in the Chain of Survival.

Early CPR

CPR should be provided for anyone who has collapsed who is unresponsive and not breathing.

CPR involves providing chest compressions and rescue breaths when someone collapses because of sudden cardiac arrest. The heart works as a pump when it is compressed, propelling blood around the body until emergency services arrive. Rescue breaths enable oxygen to get into the blood – these are provided only if the responder is both trained and willing. CPR is essential to buy time before the heart can be restarted with a defibrillator.

Early defibrillation

An AED is a portable device that can automatically shock a heart back into rhythm before the emergency services arrive. Once activated, the AED guides the user through each step of the defibrillation process by using voice and visual prompts.

Who can use an AED?

Anyone! Using an AED is easy and can cause no harm when instructions are followed. The Resuscitation Council AED Guidelines advise that an AED can be used safely and effectively without previous training and therefore should not be restricted to trained rescuers. AEDs analyse the heart's rhythm and will only deliver a shock if needed and if no one is in danger. This means that anyone can use an AED safe in the knowledge that they can only be helping. Everyone should become familiar with AEDs and how they work.

How can CPR and an AED make a difference?

Early defibrillation using an AED is the only way to re-establish the heart's natural rhythm following sudden cardiac arrest. CPR is necessary to keep the patient alive until the heart rhythm is restored. It is essential AEDs are publically accessible so life-saving equipment is available to anyone, whatever time of day.



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Make a difference

If someone collapses, follow these simple steps...

1

DANGER: Ensure the area is safe before you approach the patient. If it is not safe or you are not sure, **call 999** and wait for help to arrive.

2

RESPONSE: Confirm that the patient is unresponsive. Try to talk to the patient and shake shoulders.

3

SHOUT: If the patient does not respond, shout for help, call 999 and send for an AED.

4

AIRWAY AND BREATHING: Look, listen and feel to see if the patient is breathing. Ensure the airway is open and clear.

5

CPR: If the patient is not breathing, begin CPR.

6

DEFIBRILLATION: When the AED arrives, follow the directions of the AED until emergency services arrive.

No early intervention = 5% survival

CPR alone = 9% survival

Early defibrillation¹ + CPR = 50% survival²

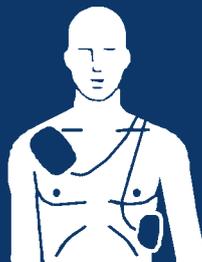
How to use an AED



Turn on AED.



Expose chest by removing clothing, cut with scissors if necessary.



Remove pads.
Stick pads on bare skin.



Follow voice prompts until emergency services arrive.

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1 - Early is defined as within three minutes from collapse

2 - Survival rates of 74% and higher have been recorded by some studies of early AED defibrillation